The Computer Misuse Act useful resources:



file:///H:/edge%20foundation%20bid/Projects/cybercrime/NCA%20CMA.pdf

Research: useful links

https://kids.kiddle.co/Computer_Misuse_Act

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z8m36yc/revision/5

Examples of cyber crime include:

- Unauthorised access this involves gaining access into someone's computer network without their permission, and then taking control and/or taking information from other people's computers. Examples may include accessing the secure area on the school's computer network and looking for test paper answers or trying to change test scores.
- Making, supplying or obtaining malware (malicious software), viruses, spyware, botnets and Remote Access Trojans is illegal. These programmes allow criminals to get into other people's computers to carry out illegal activities. 'Pranking', by remotely accessing a friend's computer when they don't know you are doing it and messing around is still illegal.
- Carrying out a DDoS (Distributed Denial of Service) attack or 'booting'. A DDoS attack
 is an attempt to make an online service unavailable by overwhelming it with internet
 traffic from multiple sources. 'Online service' could be a large website or an
 individual internet user. Booting someone offline whilst playing online games may
 seem like a harmless joke, but is still illegal.